1 Identification

- **Product identifier**
  - Trade name: **GLUMA Bond universal**

- **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
  - No further relevant information available.

- **Application of the substance / the mixture** Dental bonding material

- **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
  - **Manufacturer/Supplier:**
    Kulzer Australia Pty Ltd
    Unit 20, 53 Lorraine St
    PEAKHURST NSW 2210
    Australia
    Tel: +61 (02) 9153 0311

  - **Informing department:** see above

  - **Emergency telephone number:**
    Poison Information Number: Australia 13 11 26 & New Zealand 0800 764 766

2 Hazard(s) Identification

- **Classification of the substance or mixture**
  - Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
  - Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.
  - Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- **Label elements**
  - **GHS label elements**
    The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

  - **Hazard pictograms**
    - GHS02
    - GHS07

- **Signal word** Danger

- **Hazard-determining components of labelling:**
  - 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxo-5,12-diazaheaxadecane-1,16-diyl bismethacrylate
  - 4-methacryloxyethyltrimellitic acid anhydride

- **Hazard statements**
  - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
  - Causes skin irritation.
  - Causes serious eye irritation.
  - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- **Precautionary statements**
  - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
  - Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
  - Avoid release to the environment.

(Contd. on page 2)
Trade name: GLUMA Bond universal

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Other hazards:
- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - PBT: Not applicable.
  - vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition and Information on Ingredients
- Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- Description:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>25-50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>72869-86-4</td>
<td>10-25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxo-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diyl bismethacrylate</td>
<td>Skin Sens. 1B, H317</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methacryloxyethyltrimellitic acid anhydride</td>
<td>10-25%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70293-55-9</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4 First Aid Measures
- Description of first aid measures
  - After inhalation
    Supply fresh air and call for doctor for safety reasons.
    In case of unconsciousness bring patient into stable side position for transport.
  - After skin contact
    If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.
  - After eye contact
    Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult doctor.
  - After swallowing
    In case of persistent symptoms consult doctor.
    Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.
- Information for doctor
  - Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
    No further relevant information available.
  - Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
    No further relevant information available.

5 Fire Fighting Measures
- Extinguishing media
  - Suitable extinguishing agents
    CO2, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol-resistant foam.
  - For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents
    Water with a full water jet.
  - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
    Can form explosive gas-air mixtures.
    Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
Trade name: GLUMA Bond universal

6 Accidental Release Measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
  Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- Environmental precautions: Prevent material from reaching sewage system, holes and cellars.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
  Absorb with liquid-binding material (diatomite, universal binders, for small amounts tissues).
  Ensure adequate ventilation.
  Send for recovery or disposal in suitable containers.
- Reference to other sections
  See Section 7 for information on safe handling
  See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
  See Section 13 for information on disposal.

7 Handling and Storage

- Handling
  - Precautions for safe handling: Keep containers tightly sealed.
  - Information about protection against explosions and fires:
    Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
    Protect against electrostatic charges.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
  - Storage
    - Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in cool location.
    - Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
    - Further information about storage conditions:
      Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
      Protect from the effects of light.
      Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.
- Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls and personal protection

- Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
- Control parameters
- Components with critical values that require monitoring at the workplace:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Short-term value</th>
<th>Long-term value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67-64-1 acetone</td>
<td>2375 mg/m³, 1000 ppm</td>
<td>1185 mg/m³, 500 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NES (Australia)</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³, 1000 ppm</td>
<td>90 mg/m³, 250 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEL (USA)</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³, 1000 ppm</td>
<td>90 mg/m³, 250 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REL (USA)</td>
<td>(1782) NIC-1187 mg/m³, (750) NIC-500 ppm</td>
<td>(1188) NIC-475 mg/m³, (500) NIC-200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLV (USA)</td>
<td>(1782) NIC-1187 mg/m³, (750) NIC-500 ppm</td>
<td>(1188) NIC-475 mg/m³, (500) NIC-200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Trade name: GLUMA Bond universal

· DNELs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Oral</th>
<th>Dermal</th>
<th>Inhalative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>ge.pop., l.te, syst.</td>
<td>62 mg/Kg (nd)</td>
<td>ge.pop., l.te, syst.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>worker industr., l.te., syst.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ge.pop., l.te, syst.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

72869-86-4 7, 7,9(or 7, 9, 9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxo-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diyldimethacrylate

| Oral | ge.pop., l.te, syst. | 0.3 mg/Kg (nd) | worker industr., l.te., syst. | 1.3 mg/Kg/d (nd) | ge.pop., l.te, syst. | 0.7 mg/Kg/d (nd) |
| Dermal | worker industr., l.te., syst. | | | | | 3.3 mg/m3 (nd) |
| Inhalative | worker industr., l.te., syst. | | | | | 0.6 mg/m3 (nd) |

· PNECs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Oral</th>
<th>Dermal</th>
<th>Inhalative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>freshwater</td>
<td>10.6 mg/l (nd)</td>
<td>marine water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sedim., dw, fre.wat.</td>
<td>30.4 mg/Kg (nd)</td>
<td>sedim., dw, mar.wat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>freshwater</td>
<td>0.01 mg/l (nd)</td>
<td>marine water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sedim., dw, fre.wat.</td>
<td>4.56 mg/Kg (nd)</td>
<td>sedim., dw, mar.wat.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

72869-86-4 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxo-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diylbismethacrylate

| Oral | freshwater | 0.01 mg/l (nd) | marine water | 0.001 mg/l (nd) | STP | 3.61 mg/l (nd) |
| Dermal | sedim., dw, fre.wat. | 4.56 mg/Kg (nd) | sedim., dw, mar.wat. | 0.46 mg/Kg (nd) | soil,dw | 0.91 mg/Kg (nd) |

· Ingredients with biological limit values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>BEI (USA)</th>
<th>50 mg/L urine end of shift</th>
<th>Acetone (nonspecific)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

· Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.

· Exposure controls

· Personal protective equipment

· General protective and hygienic measures

Avoid contact with the eyes.
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and food.
Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments.
Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Breathing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Protection of hands:
The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/dust/aerosol.
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.
If skin contact cannot be avoided, protective gloves are recommended to avoid possible sensitization.
Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition.

Material of gloves
The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material
The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact of a maximum of 15 minutes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:
Butyl rubber, BR
Nitrile rubber, NBR

Eye protection: Tightly sealed safety glasses.

Body protection: Light weight protective clothing.

9 Physical and Chemical Properties

- Information on basic physical and chemical properties
  - General Information
    - Appearance: Liquid
    - Colour: Clear
    - Smell: Characteristic
    - Odour threshold: Not determined.
  - pH-value: Not determined.

- Change in condition
  - Melting point/freezing point: Not determined
  - Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not determined

- Flash point: -19 °C

- Inflammability (solid, gaseous) Not applicable.

- Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

- Self-inflammability: Product is not selfigniting.

- Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures is possible.

- Critical values for explosion:
  - Lower: Not determined.
  - Upper: Not determined.

- Steam pressure: Not determined.
### 10 Stability and Reactivity

- **Reactivity**: No further relevant information available.
- **Chemical stability**
  - **Conditions to be avoided**: Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
  - **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: No dangerous reactions known
  - **Conditions to avoid**: No further relevant information available.
  - **Incompatible materials**: No further relevant information available.
  - **Hazardous decomposition products**: None
  - **Additional information**: -

### 11 Toxicological Information

- **Information on toxicological effects**
- **Acute toxicity**
  - **LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:**
    - **67-64-1 acetone**
      - Oral LD50 5800 mg/kg (rat)
      - Dermal LD50 >15800 mg/kg (rabbit)
      - Inhalative LC50/4 h 76 mg/l (rat)
    - **72869-86-4 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxo-5,12-diazaheixadecane-1,16-diyl bismethacrylate**
      - Oral LD50 >5000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)
      - Dermal LD50 >2000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 402)
    - **70293-55-9 4-methacryloxyethyltrimellitic acid anhydride**
      - Oral LD50 >2000 mg/kg (mouse)
      - Dermal LD50 >2000 mg/kg (mouse)
  - **Primary irritant effect**:
    - **Skin corrosion/irritation**: No irritant effect.
    - **Serious eye damage/irritation**: Irritant effect.
    - **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**: Sensitization possible by skin contact.
  - **Additional toxicological information**: Irritant

(Contd. on page 7)
Trade name: GLUMA Bond universal

12 Ecological Information

- Toxicity
  - Aquatic toxicity:
    - 67-64-1 acetone
      - EC50/48h: 8800 mg/l (daphnia)
      - LC50/96h: 6210 mg/l (fish) (OECD 203)
    - 72869-86-4 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxa-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diyl bismethacrylate
      - EC50/48h: >1.2 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD 202)
      - LC50/96h: 10.1 mg/l (fish) (OECD 203)
      - ErC50 / 72 h: >0.68 mg/l (algae) (OECD 201)
      - NOEC / 72h: 0.21 mg/l (algae) (OECD 201)

- Persistence and degradability
  - 67-64-1 acetone
    - Biodegradation: 90.9 % /28d (nd) (OECD 301D)
  - 72869-86-4 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxa-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diyl bismethacrylate
    - Biodegradation: 22 % /28d (nd) (OECD 301B; ISO/ 9439/ EEC 92/69/V, C.4-C)

- Behaviour in environmental systems:
  - Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
  - Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

- Additional ecological information:
  - General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil.

- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - PBT: Not applicable.
  - vPvB: Not applicable.

- Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- Waste treatment methods
  - Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- Uncleaned packagings:
  - Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
### 14 Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN-Number</th>
<th>ADG, IMDG, IATA</th>
<th>UN1090</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>ADG</td>
<td>1090 ACETONE, mixture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG, IATA</td>
<td>ACETONE, mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>ADG</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>3 (F1) Flammable liquids.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Label</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG, IATA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>3 Flammable liquids.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Label</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>ADG, IMDG, IATA</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special precautions for user</td>
<td>Kemler Number: 33</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS Number:</td>
<td>F-E, S-D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport/Additional information:</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADG</td>
<td>Limited quantities (LQ)</td>
<td>1 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport category</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel restriction code</td>
<td>D/E</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN &quot;Model Regulation&quot;:</td>
<td>UN1090, ACETONE mixture, 3, II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 15 Regulatory information

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
  - 67-64-1 acetone
  - 41137-60-4 diurethandimethacrylate

(Contd. on page 9)
Trade name: GLUMA Bond universal

10373-78-1 dl-bornane-2,3-dione
128-37-0 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol
88-58-4 2,5-di-tert-butylhydroquinone
7732-18-5 water, distilled, conductivity or of similar purity

- Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- Relevant phrases
  H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
  H315 Causes skin irritation.
  H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- Abbreviations and acronyms:
  ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
  IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
  IATA: International Air Transport Association
  EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
  ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
  CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
  DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
  PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
  LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
  LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
  PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
  vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
  Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
  Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
  Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A
  Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
  Skin Sens. 1B: Skin sensitisation – Category 1B
  STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

* Data compared to the previous version altered.